

## INFRARED CORRELATION CHART

To be used in conjunction with Pavia, Lampman, and Kriz  
Appendix 3, pp. 699-712

<u>TYPE OF VIBRATION</u>	<u>WAVE NUMBER (CM<sup>-1</sup>)</u>	<u>INTENSITY</u>
<u>C-H stretch</u>		
alkane	3000-2850	s
alkene	3100-3000	s
alkyne	3300	s
aldehyde	2900-2800	w
	2800-2700	w
aromatic	3150-3050	s
<u>C-H bend</u>		
alkane: -CH	1340	w
-CH <sub>2</sub>	1465	m
-CH <sub>3</sub>	1450 and 1375	m
alkene: -CH oop	1000-650	m
aromatic: -CH oop		
no sub.	670	s
mono sub.	770-730, 710-690	s
o sub.	770-735	s
m sub.	900-860, 810-750, 725-680	m, s, m
p sub.	860-800	s
1,2,4,5 sub.	900-860	m
<u>C=C stretch</u>		
alkene	1680-1600	m-w
aromatic	1600 (2 peaks)	w
	1500-1400 (2 peaks)	m
<u>C≡C stretch</u>		
	2250-2100	w
<u>C-O stretch</u>		
phenol	1230	s
alcohol 1°	1050	s
2°	1100	s
3°	1150	s
ether: -aliphatic	1060-1150	s (broad)
-aromatic	1270-1230	
carboxylic acid	1250	s
ester	1300-1000 (2 peaks)	s
anhydride	1300-900	s

<u>TYPE OF VIBRATION</u>	<u>WAVE NUMBER (CM<sup>-1</sup>)</u>	<u>INTENSITY</u>
<u>O-H stretch</u>		
alcohol & phenol:		
free	3650-3600	s
H-bonded	3400-3200	s (broad)
carboxylic acid	3300-2500	s (v.broad)
<u>O-H bend oop</u>		
carboxylic acid	950-900	m (broad)
alcohol	750-650	m (broad)
<u>C=O stretch</u>		
aldehyde	1740-1720	vs
ketone	1725-1705	vs
carboxylic acid	1725-1700	vs
ester	1750-1730	vs
acid chloride	1810-1750	vs
amide	1700-1640	vs
anhydride	1810 and 1760	vs
<u>C-Cl stretch</u>		
overtone	800-600	s
	1500-1470	m
<u>C-Br stretch</u>		
overtone	600-500	s
	1200	m
<u>C-I stretch</u>		
overtone	500	s
	1150	m
<u>N-H stretch</u>		
amide, unsub.	3500-3100 (2 peaks)	m (sharp)
monosub.	3500-3100 (1 peak)	m (sharp)
amine, 1°	3500-3300 (2 peaks)	m (sharp)
2°	3500-3300 (1 peak)	m (sharp)
<u>N-H bend</u>		
amine	1640-1560	m (broad)
amide	1640-1550	m (broad)
<u>C-N stretch</u>		
amine: -aliphatic	1220-1020	m
-aromatic	1350-1250	s